



| 1. OPĆE INFORMACIJE | | | |
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| 1.1. Nositelj(i) predmeta | Goran Čular, Andrija Henjak | 1.6. Godina studija | V |
| 1.2. Naziv predmeta | Party Competition and Party Systems in the EU Member States | 1.7. Bodovna vrijednost (ECTS) | 7 ECTS-a |
| 1.3. Suradnici | Višeslav Raos | 1.8. Način izvođenja nastave (broj sati Predavanja+Vježbe+Seminari) | 2+0+2 |
| 1.4. Studijski program (preddiplomski, diplomski, poslijediplomski) | diplomski | 1.9. | |
| 1.5. Status predmeta (obavezni, izborni, OTS) | izborni | 1.10. | |
| 2. OPIS PREDMETA | | | |
| 2.1. Ciljevi predmeta (najviše: 200 riječi) | The course aims to introduce students to the contemporary research on the role of parties in aggregation of preferences and representation of voters, party competition and party systems and their role in the formation and implementation of policy in the EU countries. The objective of the course is to develop understanding of the party competition and party representation, development and types of the European party systems as well as to familiarize students with basic categories and tools for party system analysis. The aim of the course is also to explore how parties interact with voters and each other, and how they change and adapt to changing circumstance. The course also seeks to familiarize students with contemporary developments in party systems in European countries and the role EU has on party politics. | | |
| 2.2. Uvjeti za upis predmeta i ulazne kompetencije potrebne za predmet | There are no specific requirements. However, it is desirable that students are familiarized with basic concepts in comparative politics, especially with regard to political parties, electoral systems and systems of government. | | |
| 2.3. Ishodi učenja na razini studijskog programa kojima predmet pridonosi * | 1. Magistri politologije usvojili su naprednu razinu znanja i razumijevanja o problemima lokalne, nacionalne i međunarodne politike i javnih politika, te odabirom neke od grana politologije usavršili svoje politološko obrazovanje. (by learning outcomes 1, 2, 5,6) 4. Magistri politologije mogu primijeniti znanje stečeno u grani komparativne politike za napredno razumijevanje ustroja suvremenih država i značajki suvremenih političkih sustava. Napredno razumijevanje institucionalnog dizajna omogućuje im kreiranje i argumentiranje preporuka za oblikovanje političkih institucija. . (by learning outcomes 1, 2, 3, 5,6) 8. Magistri politologije mogu kritički primijeniti napredno znanje stečeno u grani europske politike za razumijevanje značajki i dinamike europske integracije, ustroja institucija EU, te razumijevanje značajki oblikovanja i provedbe zajedničkih europskih | | |

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| | <p>politika. (by learning outcome 1)</p> <p>9. Magistri politologije sposobni su integrirati znanje i formulirati sudove vezane uz aktere, procese i institucije lokalne, nacionalne i međunarodne politike, te javne politike koje se oblikuju na tim razinama. Na temelju istraživanja spomenutih procesa, institucija i politika mogu zaključivati i rasuđivati o značajkama politike na globalnoj, nacionalnoj i lokalnoj razini. (by learning outcomes 2, 4, 5)</p> <p>10. Magistri politologije sposobni su komunicirati svoje stavove, ideje i rješenja zainteresiranoj publici. Osposobljeni su, uporabom napredne političke analize (<i>political analysis</i>) i analize politika (<i>policy analysis</i>), povezivati spomenute stavove, ideje i rješenja s temeljnim argumentima na kojima oni počivaju, te su na taj način osposobljeni za sustavnu političku argumentaciju i njezino prezentiranje zainteresiranoj javnosti. (by learning outcomes 3, 7, 8)</p> <p>11. Magistri politologije sposobni su samostalno zastupati stavove o političkim problemima strukturirano ih povezujući s argumentima i dokazima na kojima argumenti počivaju. Time će steći sposobnost sustavne političke argumentacije i njezine prezentacije prilagođene publici i kontekstu. (by learning outcomes 4, 7, 8)</p> <p>12. Magistri politologije sposobni su za dizajniranje i provođenje samostalnog istraživanja i pripremljeni su za nastavak obrazovanja u okviru cjeloživotnog učenja, formalno na poslijediplomskim studijima, ali i samostalno kroz različite oblike dodatnog usavršavanja. (by learning outcomes 7, 8, 9)</p> |
| <p>2.4. Očekivani ishodi učenja na razini predmeta (4-10 ishoda učenja)</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. acquiring knowledge and understanding of specific European party systems 2. understanding functions of the party system in democratic regimes 3. acquiring understanding of basic categories and tools for the analysis of party competition and party system and party system change 4. developing critical thinking about party system functioning, its implications and future developments 5. acquiring knowledge about the most prominent approaches in party system analysis 6. familiarizing with main authors in the field of party system analysis 7. development of analytical reasoning (generic) 8. summarizing arguments and writing analytical reports (generic) 9. usage of quantitative indicators in description and analysis of the phenomenon (generic) |
| <p>2.5. Sadržaj predmeta detaljno razrađen prema satnici nastave (bez literature)</p> | <p>1-4 Introduction: Party competition and party system</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - introduction to the subject, forms of student work, students' assignments and evaluation criteria - the role of parties in the party system (interest aggregation, representation, elite recruitment, competition for government of alternative sets of elites); party as an organization and actor within party system - concept of political supply and demand - definition of the party system |

- electoral and parliamentary party system
- what party system is and what party system is not

5-8 Parties and party systems in democratic process

- stages of democratic process and the role of parties in a democratic process: elections – government formation – policy implementation
- types of parties: votes, seats and policy maximization strategies
- distribution of political preferences in the electorate and preference aggregation by parties
- competition for voters vs. competition for power

9-12 Basic parameters of measuring party system characteristics

- number of parties: nominal number of parties; relevant parties; electoral and parliamentary effective number of parties
- the meaning and measures of polarization
- party system stability, party system volatility and its measures

13-16 Long-term loyalty I: Cleavages and party competition

- social foundations of party systems and party competition
- cleavage theories: variants, criticism
- empirical operationalization: how to measure cleavages
- cleavage configurations as determinants of party competition
- cleavage as dimension of identification vs. cleavage as dimension of competition

17-20 Long-term loyalty 2: Party identification and party competition

- party identification – history and meaning of the concept
- measuring party identification
- determinants and consequences of party identification
- party identification and party competition

21-24 Left-right and party competition

- left-right scheme in empirical political science
- ideological determinants of the left and right
- dimensions of competition behind left and right
- left-right dimension, partisan strategies and voting behaviour

25-28 Linkages between parties and voters

- strategic and non-strategic linkages
- programmatic, charismatic and clientelistic linkages
- linkages based on closeness to party organization, ideology and symbolic attachments
- changes in the forms of linkages between parties and voters

29-30 Mid-term exam I**31-34 Strategies of party competition**

- basic model of rational choice applied to party competition
- strategies of political parties and their environment
- proximity, directional and mobilization model of voting
- issues and party competition: positional vs. valence issues; prospective vs. retrospective judgements
- candidates and party competition

35-38 Effects of institutions on party competition and party system

- effects of electoral rules on party competition and party strategies
- electoral thresholds and electoral formulae: reduction and disproportionality effects
- how parties and voters adapt to institutional opportunity structure
- party system adaptation and political representation

39-42 Party cooperation: theories of coalition and government formation

- how to solve minority situation in the parliament: majority, coalition and minority governments
- institutional conditions of coalition formation
- coalition theories based on payoffs – coalition theories without political dimensionality
- coalition theories in an ideologically defined space
- types of coalitions: minimal winning and surplus coalitions
- the logic of minority governments

43-46 Types of party system I: criteria and typologies

- classical typologies of party systems:
 - with respect to number of parties: two- vs. multiparty systems (Duverger)

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - with respect to number of parties and ideological distance (Sartori) - types of party systems with respect to issue dimensions - types of party systems in old and new democracies in Europe - historical development of party systems across Europe <p>47-50 Types of party systems II: problems and discussion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - classification vs. continual measuring of party systems - at which level to observe the existing pattern of party competition: electoral, parliamentary, governmental - governmental formulae as the criteria for party systems types <p>51-54 Party system change</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - measures of party system change - factors impacting party system change - trends in party system change <p>55-58 Party system in the EU</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - party system in the EU and Europeanization of national politics - dimensions of party competition in the EU - positions of parties and voters towards the EU - different structures of competition in the West and East <p>59-60 Mid-term exam II</p> | | | | |
| 2.6. Vrste izvođenja nastave: | x predavanja x seminari i radionice <input type="checkbox"/> vježbe <input type="checkbox"/> <i>on line</i> u cijelosti <input type="checkbox"/> mješovito e-učenje <input type="checkbox"/> terenska nastava | x samostalni zadaci <input type="checkbox"/> multimedija i mreža <input type="checkbox"/> laboratorij <input type="checkbox"/> mentorski rad <input type="checkbox"/> (ostalo upisati) | 2.7. Komentari: | | |
| 2.8. Obveze studenata | | | | | |
| 2.9. Praćenje rada studenata (<i>upisati udio u ECTS bodovima za svaku aktivnost tako da ukupni broj ECTS bodova odgovara bodovnoj vrijednosti predmeta</i>): | Pohađanje nastave | 2 | Istraživanje | | Praktični rad |
| | Eksperimentalni rad | | Referat | | (Ostalo upisati) |
| | Esej | | Seminarski rad | | (Ostalo upisati) |

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| | Kolokviji | 2 | Usmeni ispit | 1 | (Ostalo upisati) | |
| | Pismeni ispit | 2 | Projekt | | (Ostalo upisati) | |
| 2.1. Ocjenjivanje i vrjednovanje rada studenata tijekom nastave i na završnom ispitu | <p>The 50% of the grade comes from the exam, two written assignments each carrying 15%, and 20% from in-class participation, including presentation. Exam is structured to that 2/3 of the exam consists of factual knowledge questions, and 1/3 is composed from interpretative analytical questions. Exam grade can be achieved through two midterm exams, each carrying 25% of the grade and having the same structure as the exam.</p> | | | | | |
| 2.2. Obvezna literatura (dostupna u knjižnici i putem ostalih medija) | Naslov | | | | | |
| | Enyedi Z./ Deegan Krause K. (eds.) (2013): <i>The Structure of Political Competition in Western Europe</i> , Routledge | | | | | |
| | Gallagher M./Laver M./Mair P. (2011): <i>Representative Government in Modern Europe</i> , fifth edition, New York: McGraw-Hill Education. | | | | | |
| | Mair P. (1997): <i>Party System Change: Approaches and Interpretation</i> , Oxford University Press | | | | | |
| | Ware A. (1996): <i>Political Parties and Party Systems</i> , Oxford University Press | | | | | |
| | Arend Lijphart (2012): <i>Patterns of Democracy: Government Forms and Performance in Thirty-Six Countries</i> , Second Edition, Yale University Press. | | | | | |
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| 2.12. Dopsunska literatura (u trenutku prijave prijedloga studijskoga programa) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - John Aldrich (2011): <i>Why parties? A Second Look</i>: The University of Chicago Press Chapter 2: pp 27-66. - Luciano Bardi, Peter Mair (2008): The Parameters of Party System; <i>Party Politics</i> 14: pp 147-166 - Giovanni Sartori (2005): <i>Parties and Party Systems</i>: ECPR Press; Chapters 5, 6 and 9: pp 105-153 and 261-288 - Hanspeter Kriesi (1998): The transformation of Cleavage Politics; <i>European Journal of Political Research</i> 33: pp 165-185 - Hanspeter Kriesi, Edgar Grande, Romain Lachat, Martin Dolezal, Simon Bornschier Timeoteos Frey (2006): Globalization and the Transformation of National Political Space: Six European Countries Compared; <i>European Journal of Political Research</i> 45: pp 921-956 - Andrija Henjak (2010): Political Cleavages and Socioeconomic Context: How Welfare Regimes and Historical Divisions Shape Political Cleavages; <i>West European Politics</i> 3: pp 474-504 - Herbert Kitschelt (1995): Formation of Party Cleavages in Post-Communist Democracies: Theoretical Propositions; <i>Party</i> | | | | | |

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- Fernando Casal Bertoa (2012): Party Systems and Cleavage Structures Revisited: A Sociological Explanation of Party System Institutionalization in East Central Europe; *Party Politics* POBP: February 14 2012
- Arend Lijphart (2012): *Patterns of Democracy: Government Forms and Performance in Thirty Six Countries*: Yale University Press, Chapter 6: pp 60-78
- Oddbjorn Knutsen (1995): Value Orientations, Political Conflicts and Left-Right Identification: A Comparative Study; *European Journal of Political Research* 28: pp 63-93
- John Huber (1989): Values and Partisanship in Left-Right Orientations: Measuring Ideology; *European Journal of Political Research* 17: pp 599-621
- Detlef Jahn (2011): Conceptualizing Left and Right in Comparative Politics: Towards a Deductive Approach; *Party Politics* 17: 745-765
- Liesbet Hooghe, Gary Marks, Carole J. Wilson (2002): Does Left/Right Structure Party Positions on European Integration?; *Comparative Political Studies* 35: 965-989
- Herbert Kitschelt (2000): Linkages Between Citizens and Politicians in Democratic Polities; *Comparative Political Studies* 33: pp 845-879
- Herbert Kitschelt, Steven Wilkinson (2007): *Patrons, Clients and Policies: Patterns of Democratic Accountability and Political Competition*: Cambridge University Press; Chapter 1: pp 1-49
- Kaare Strøm, Wolfgang C. Müller (1999): *Policy, Office, or Votes? How Political Parties in Western Europe Make Hard Choices*: Cambridge University Press; Chapter 1: pp 1-35
- Kaare Strom (1990): A Behavioural Theory of Competitive Political Parties; *American Journal of Political Science* 34: pp 565-598
- Michael Laver (1997): *Private Desires, Political Action: An Invitation to the Politics of Rational Choice*: Sage Publications; Chapter 6: pp 110-134
- Arend Lijphart (1995): *Electoral Systems and Party Systems: A Study of 27 Democracies*: Oxford University Press; Chapter 5 and 6: pp 57-94
- Lawrence Ezrow (2010): *Linking Citizens and Parties: How Electoral System Matter for Political Representation*: Oxford University Press; Chapter 1, 3, 4 and 7: pp 3-22, 41-81, 119-126
- Wolfgang Muller, Kaare Strom (2000): *Coalition Governance in Western Europe*: Oxford University Press, Chapter 1 pp 1-29
- Michael Laver, Norman Schofield (1990): *Multiparty Government*: Ann Arbor University Press
- Ryan Bakker, Seth Jolly, Jonathan Polk (2011): Complexity in the European Party Space: Exploring Dimensionality With Experts; *European Union Politics* 13: 219-245
- Gary Marks, Liesbet Hooghe, Moira Nelson, Erica Edwards (2006): Party Competition and European Integration in the East and West Different Structure, Same Causality; *Comparative Political Studies* 39: 155-175

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hermann Schmitt, Jacques Thomassen (2011): The EU Party System after Eastern Enlargement; <i>Journal of European Integration</i> 31: pp 569-587 - Milada Vachudova, Liesbeth Hooghe (2009): Post-communist Politics in a Magnetic Field: How Transition and EU Accession Structure Party Competition on European Integration; <i>Comparative European Politics</i> 7: pp 179-212 |
| <p>2.13. Načini praćenja kvalitete koji osiguravaju stjecanje izlaznih kompetencija</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - evaluation of students' position papers (learning outcomes 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8) - evaluation of in-class presentation (learning outcomes 1, 8) - evaluation of written assignments (learning outcomes 3, 4, 5, 6) - evaluation of the exam (learning outcomes 2, 3, 5, 6) |